





## A CRAZY MAN'S DEED

Old Farmer Delos Boswell Brains His Son With an Axe.

He Also Attempts to Kill His Wife and Commit Suicide.

Financial Difficulties Drive the Aged Farmer Insane - Ex-Alderman Whalen's Slave Given a Life Sentence - Axworthy Still in Canada - Horse Thief Captured - Other Crimes.

CLEVELAND, O., March 3.—Delos Boswell, a farmer 70 years of age, who lives in Cooley Township, Summit County, went insane early this morning and grabbing an ax dashed his son's brains out before the young man could raise an alarm. The old man then rushed at his aged wife and dealt her a terrible blow, after which he tried to cut his throat. Neighbors hurried in before he could put an end to his life, and it is hoped that both he and his wife may recover. His troubles are the result of financial difficulties.

## John Tucker's Downfall.

NEW YORK, March 3.—John Tucker, one of the best known and most popular young men in Elizabeth, N. J., was a prisoner last night at the Elizabeth Police Headquarters, charged with kidnapping and robbing the Simeon Manufactory.

On Tucker was a real criminal clerk and bookkeeper for several years at the Elizabethport works and about nine months ago was made one of the company's partners. He was always attentive to his duties. For some time past, it is alleged, the young man had been shortchanged, discovered after each weekly pay day, and the officials of the company set a watch to discover the embezzler. Yesterday was pay day, and early in the afternoon Supt. Miller telephoned to police headquarters for an officer to come immediately to the works. When Police Captain Fadden arrived he was met by Supt. Miller to arrest Tucker. Both officials accompanied the officer and prisoner to headquarters, where they made a formal complaint to Chief Tenny, and the man was consigned to a cell, a hearing of the case being set down for to-day. Tucker's arrest caused a big commotion in the singing city, where he was universally liked.

He belongs to the Owl Club, a society organization, an ex-president and its present recording secretary. His club associates were shocked and grieved when they heard the news. The company officials say they do not know until an investigation of the pay-rolls is made what the total shortage will be, but it is said to be considerable. Tucker is about 29 years old and his family are highly respectable people. Great sympathy is felt for them. Tucker was always generous and liberal in his spending and to this failing his friends attribute his downfall.

Will Watch Rothschild.

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## Axworthy at Hamilton.

HAMILTON Ontario, March 3.—Treasurer Axworthy of Cleveland, O., is still here. No settlement has been arrived at with the Cleveland authorities and Mr. Axworthy says he will remain in Hamilton in the meantime.

## A Pardon Murderer Dies.

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The elections of directors of the St. Louis Railroad Co., which really means the Chicago syndicate, was held this morning at 820 Easton avenue. Embodied in this consolidation are the Union Railway Co., and the Cass Avenue & Fair Grounds Co. The following directors were chosen: D. G. Hamilton, Robert McCulloch, C. N. Duffy, George T. Smith, C. L. Hutchinson, Henry Crossman and L. E. Myers. The old officers, which were as follows, were reelected: D. G. Hamilton, President; Robert McCulloch, Vice-President; and C. N. Duffy, Secretary and Treasurer.

The main feature of the stockholders' meeting was the discussion of the change of motive power of the Union, Northern Central and Cass Avenue & Fair Grounds from horses to electricity. The discussion upon the subject was suspended until the stockholders, who had already decided to make the change, had a conference with the stockholders of the Rio Grande.

The stockholders of the Rio Grande, who were present, said that the change would be made at the earliest possible time.

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"Bad Jiminy" Wants Damages.

CHICAGO, Ill., March 3.—"Bad Jiminy" Corton, who has just been acquitted of the murder of "Doc" Haggerty on the ground that the killing was done in self-defense, has brought suit against John Conroy, Farnham, Ryan, James A. Webb and Samuel Palmer, placing his damages at \$20,000. He alleges that the shooting affray was the result of a conspiracy on the part of Haggerty and the defendants to kill or maim the complainant because he attempted to break up a gambling trust in this city, of which he alleges they are the leaders.

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Mr. McDonald: "In fixing the amount of

the third man is believed to be wounded in and in this city, receiving medical treatment. Detectives are watching for him closely.

## Robbed by Detectives.

WACO, Tex., March 3.—The firm of Davis Bros. at Reisel, a few miles from Harrison, was robbed by two detectives and a stock man. The three men woke up John Davis, his head, made him give up all the money he had. When they had secured all they wanted they left. All the men have been captured. Joe Thomas, a stockman, was the first captured. The other two were Aaron Henderson and Lewis Reno.

## Hunting for Porter.

QUINCY, Ill., March 3.—Every house in Quincy occupied by negroes was searched yesterday for Dan Porter, condemned to death for the murder of Ed D. Smith, but no trace of the murderer was discovered. The country roundabout here is being scoured, but up to this morning no report of a capture has been made. Porter is armed and will make desperate resistance to being taken prisoner.

## A Fatal Fist Blow.

NEW YORK, March 3.—James J. Keffer, a Jersey City policeman, struck Michael McCarthy with his fist. The blow landed on McCarthy's stomach and the latter fell to the floor unconscious. A physician was called, but when he arrived McCarthy was dead. The officer who struck him was a police constable. He was much smaller than the policeman, who says he merely "pushed him away."

Albert Dunham and Calvin Holden. SPRINGFIELD, Ill., March 3.—Several attorneys and officials are here endeavoring to secure a commutation of the sentences of Albert Dunham and Calvin Holden, sentenced to be hung next Friday. Attorneys and officials say that Mrs. Holden and Ed Holden, now in the Penitentiary, are the real murderers. The sentences will probably be commuted.

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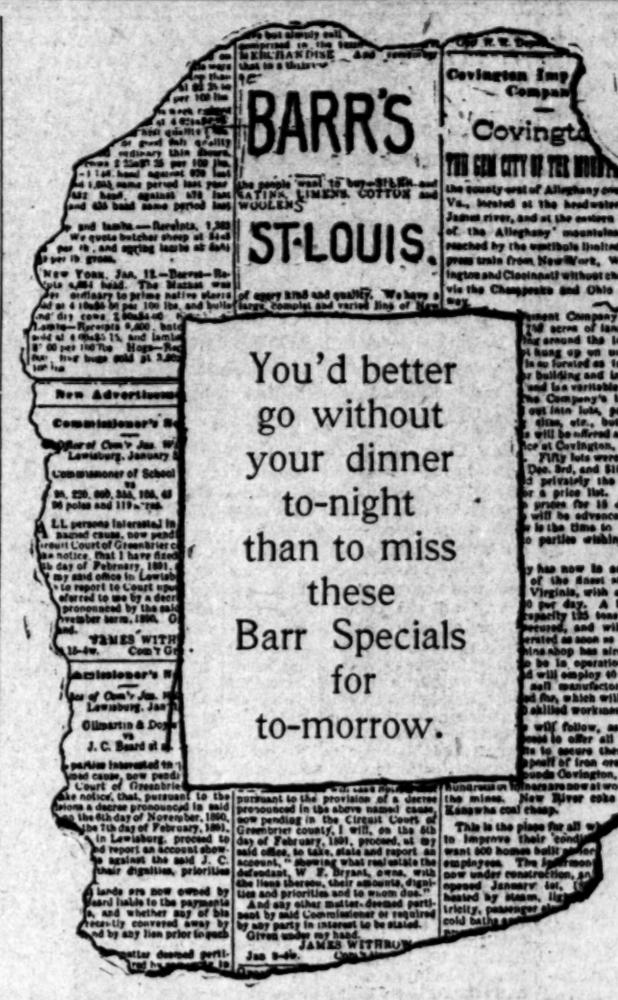
Mr. McDonald: "In fixing the amount of

They say the weather's going to do something unusual to-morrow. Well, we can't let the weather get ahead of us. We are going to open a big line of spick and span zephyr gingham in all the lovely new shades and sell them at the unusual price of 12½ cents a yard to-morrow. A very fine quality, including the cunning little figures for the little tots, as well as the extreme novelty plaids. Regular price all over town will be 15 and 18 cents. Barr's price will be 12½ cents.

That's one; Number two will be the new solid black hemstitched mull skirting, 45 inches wide, for 50 cents a yard; and plain for the waist at 25 cents. Also in black, a beautiful new Mohair Brillantine, elegant lustre, and unsurpassed black, forty inches wide and a grand special at 43 cents a yard.

Something new—An exquisite Burmese silk called Drap de Burmeh, an Asiatic manufacture, controlled exclusively by Barr's. Nobody else in St. Louis can get a yard of it. Will be displayed to-morrow. Soft and clinging in texture, yet so woven that it will never crease and never wear out. Black and all the new shades.

Talk about new silk grenadines, you want to come to Barr's and see them. A new weave in twisted silk. Here's just an idea of the de-



You'd better go without your dinner to-night than to miss these Barr Specials for to-morrow.

signs: black, plaided in the new Pensee, a sort of violet shade; also in marigold and the new dome blue; stripes single or in groups, broad or narrow in silk thrown up on the surface; big velvet polka dots, oblong bars, and dainty flowers sprinkled all over the surface or in bunches. This fabric is remarkably beautiful.

New dress stuffs. A very effective idea is of figures, leaves or polka dots in dull shaded colors on a neutral ground; for instance there is a dull grey with great shaggy spots of dark violet, green, blue and red so blended as to form a beautiful contrast, and the price is only \$1.75 a yard.

There's a lovely new color, Pivoine, one of the dozen new reds, which is seen in the silk grenadines, and in the novelty gingham; it is beautifully contrasted with greys and dull blues. The new side-band gingham are very handsome as well as very economical, as they come 42 inches wide, and

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Average, 44,355.

TUESDAY, MARCH 3, 1891.

AMUSEMENTS TO-NIGHT.

OLYMPIC—Pauline Hall.  
GRAND OPERA-HOUSE—"Little Puck."  
POPE'S—"He'd by the Enemy."  
STANDARD—Whalen & Martell's Combination.  
HAVLIN'S—"Money Mad."

MATINEES TO-MORROW.

OLYMPIC—Pauline Hall.  
GRAND OPERA-HOUSE—"Little Puck."  
POPE'S—"He'd by the Enemy."  
STANDARD—Whalen & Martell's Combination.

Weather forecast for twenty-four hours, beginning at 8 a. m. to-day, for Missouri: Clearing; decidedly colder; northerly winds; cold wave.

Weather forecast for twenty-four hours, beginning at 8 a. m. to-day, for St. Louis: Snow, followed by clearing weather; colder; cold wave.

SPEAKER REED will follow his gavel when it falls for the last time to-night.

THE first step in the formation of the Francis-Hall combine for the control of Missouri has been taken.

THE only regret which the close of the present repudiated Congress brings is that it did not take place three months ago.

ANOTHER difficulty in the way of collecting saloon license is found in the political office of the City Attorney.

THE intimation from China that Senator BLAIR is not wanted there indicates that the Chinese know more than the Senator has given them credit for.

THE appointment of W. C. HALL as Labor Commissioner may be taken as official recognition of the rising tide of the Farmers' Alliance in the politics of Missouri.

THE City Attorney's office in the matter of proceeding against delinquent saloon-keepers is again presenting a vicious example of the triumph of political considerations over the dictates of duty.

THE meeting of citizens at the Mercantile Club last night was in keeping with the notification that it would be held, which stated that it "would not commit those present to any particular opinion."

It is unfortunate that a large number of new Congressmen have to take their first lessons in statecraft from a view of the Reed congressional circus. They may make the lessons valuable, however, by regarding them as hints of what not to do when they enter upon their duties.

LABOR COMMISSIONER MERIWETHER made an excellent record in office but he stood in the way of the Governor's political plans and, therefore, he is out of office. The use of appointments to public places as a means to personal political ends still prevails in the highest official quarters in this State.

THERE can be no danger in the State Legislature's conferring upon the authorities of this city the right to set aside and maintain certain streets as public boulevards, under proper conditions. Fine boulevards are desirable features of a great city and contribute to the enjoyment of a vast proportion of citizens.

GEN. BUTLER has foolishly departed from his intention to retire from public life long enough to indulge in wild talk about war between this country and Canada. If the condition of the union of the two countries is conquest, there will be no union. The sentiment of the people of the United States would be overwhelmingly against any war inaugurated purely for the purpose of extending our territory.

WHEN his first flush of anger on account of his mother's treatment in Paris is over the German Emperor will realize that he is making a row over a small matter. The attitude of the French Government and the

better class of Parisians towards the Emperor was courteous and dignified and the trouble, which was more a fear of insu than actual insult, was caused by the frothing of the Paris mob. The fact that BOULANGER is trying to ride into notoriety again on the wave of feeling should be a sufficient hint as to its character.

FAIR REPRESENTATION.

They are talking at Jefferson City about the districting of the State so as to wipe out as much as possible of the little representation which the 240,000 Republican voters of Missouri now have in our State Legislature. There are but eight Republicans in the Senate and twenty-three in the House, or one vote in the Legislature is given to every 7,742 Republican voters in the State at large, while the 265,000 Democrats have twenty-five Senators and 106 Representatives in the House, or about one legislative vote for every 2,028 Democratic voters.

The theory of every true believer in the American idea of government, whether he be a Democrat or a Republican, is that a perfectly fair representation of the wisdom and will of the people in our legislative bodies is the best possible safeguard of good government. That is to say, he will frankly admit that, if strictly proportional representation is impossible under our system of election by counties, it ought to be approximated as closely as possible in laying off the election districts. If it is right for the party in power to give itself three times as many representatives in proportion to votes as it allows to the minority, it has a right to disfranchise the minority altogether. But no true disciple of JEFFERSON in the city named after the Father of American Democracy will contend that the total or partial disfranchisement of the minority party in the State would insure better government, or even better for the majority party in the long run. Every shrewd observer of politics knows how quickly an unwieldy, unchecked party majority becomes riotous in a Legislature and rushes to its own ruin.

The districting which gives the Democrats fourteen Representatives in the Fifty-second Congress and the Republicans not even one, may be in one sense justified on the ground that as many Democrats are disfranchised in other States, but this is not true. The party in power to the majority does not apply in districting for our own State government. With a majority of 25,000 voters to base their apportionment on, the Democrats of Missouri can well afford to give the Missouri Republicans fair representation in the State Legislature. They have it in their power to be just without endangering their supremacy, and they cannot serve their party or State better than by letting the intelligence of her whole population shine freely in her legislative halls.

A HUMILIATING TRAVESTY.

The proceedings in the jury-room of the Criminal Court during the consideration of the verdict for the Vail case constituted a disgraceful travesty upon the system of trial by jury.

The conduct of the jurymen, according to their own reports, resembled a cross between that of unruly schoolboys and savage barbarians, rather than that of civilized, sensible men, engaged in the solemn duty of passing upon the evidence of a murder case, involving the life or death of a fellow-man. Jurymen FORSHAW declare that he and another jurymen, who believed in the guilt of the prisoner, were so abused, insulted and persecuted by the others that his colleague in the minority was driven to change his ballot by stress of abuse, and his own condition by reason of his refusal to change was made unbearable. This report is in part corroborated by Jurymen HOLLE, who belonged to the majority side and who admits that FORSHAW was abused to some extent and was put through a mock trial by four of his associates in which vile epithets were heaped upon him.

But unpardonable as this conduct on the part of the jurymen was, extenuating circumstances may be urged for them. It does not require a far search to find the cause of the jury's demoralization. It was natural that the jury should follow the example of the Court to which it looked for guidance and instruction. What could be expected in the jury-room when in the court-room the Judge on the bench, who was treated with half-veiled and wholly insulting contempt by attorneys, permitted the trial to be turned into a burlesque, the witnesses to be abused and humiliated and the lawyers to indulge in coarse invective and blackguardism?

The jury was in a measure justified by the Court, and both together made a record in criminal procedure unparalleled in American court trials.

ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

H. S.—An ace full on fives beats an ace full on deuces in poker dice.

SUBSCRIBER.—Spanish is the language of all the South and Central American republics.

READER.—The name Romola is pronounced with the accent on the first syllable.

SUBSCRIBER.—Father Sherman was born in the year 1857. He was ordained in Philadelphia.

K. W.—At either of the libraries you can find books containing poetical and prose selections suitable for recitations.

TRAVELER.—The possession is of some old private bank. It was established long ago, and has no value now.

C. M.—Under the English system of notation a thousand millions make a billion. Under the French system a million millions are required to make that amount.

SUBSCRIBER.—Sherman was not the last officer to receive the command of the General, the last man who held that rank. He survived Sheridan, and was a General in the army at the time of his death. See page 27, "Army Register." Retired officers are still officers of the army.

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Another Important Meeting of Railroad Presidents in New York.

STEPS TO BE TAKEN TO MAKE RECENTLY ADOPTED RATES PERMANENT.

Jay Gould Working for a More Binding Agreement—The Delaware & Lackawanna Discharging Employees for Signing Petitions for Saloon Licenses—Railroad News.

NEW YORK, March 3.—A morning railroad press: Another important meeting of railroad presidents, it is said on good authority, has been called and will be held in this city within a few days. President Manvel of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe, and Vice-President Clarke of the Missouri Pacific and Union Pacific is expected at any moment. The presidents of nearly all the other large systems are either already here or are said to be on their way. It is asserted that steps will be taken at the meeting to make the rates understood to be working for a more binding agreement than that which now stands. All the Western roads, according to the story, have agreed to enter into a new and stronger compact, except the Burlington and Rock Island, which refused to join the association. Parties identified with Gould say that conferences have been held since President Manvel's arrival, looking to a consummation of his scheme to consolidate the Missouri Pacific, Union Pacific, Southern and Atchison roads, and that the scheme is very close to being carried out. It is also said that it is intended later to take in the Rock Island, but nothing will be done openly in regard to that road until it has foreclosed and bought its southwestern extensions.

THE TEMPERANCE RAILROAD.—  
NEW YORK, March 3.—The Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad Co. has directed that trainmen employed on the road shall not sign petitions that have been put in circulation in towns along the line for signatures to secure licenses for saloons. Several trainmen at Scranton, Pa., signed petitions and were subsequently discharged by the company. President Slocum, who has been a strong advocate in the cases of the trainmen at Scranton, said that it did not come directly from him but from his superintendents. He gave the action his hearty endorsement and said it was right and proper that it should be so. He said the saloon-keepers would petition to every section of the road from Hoboken to Buffalo in future. The saloon-keeping element in Scranton and vicinity is having an uphill fight to secure the necessary licenses to carry on business. The churches have joined in the opposition to foster and encourage the saloon-keepers. The temperance people have been making the fight and all the influence that could be brought to bear with the city authorities has been used. Scranton alone is credited with having enough saloons to warrant a license for every house in its size, and it is supposed as many of them as possible and prevent the licensing of new ones that the warfare is waged. All sorts of schemes are resorted to in order to secure licenses and many petitions have been going around on which the saloon-keepers have made that the good name of a "respectable" Among others whose names have been sought in Scranton as an endorsement of the respectability of the saloons are those employed as trainmen of the Delaware & Lackawanna Railroad. Their names were secured merely because the saloon-keepers had friends among the trainmen, and not because the latter were addicted to the use of liquor. These men when they affixed their signatures to the petitions did not seem to see that they might commit themselves to a house.

As soon as the Lackawanna officials learned that their subordinates were actively engaged in helping the saloon business they expressed their authority by summarily discharging them. It then occurred to those who had been dismissed that their interests in the welfare of the saloon-keepers had been detected. Summarily the saloon-keepers were told to conduct a liquor business had friends among the trainmen, and not because the latter were addicted to the use of liquor. These men when they affixed their signatures to the petitions did not seem to see that they might commit themselves to a house.

Michael McKeon was placed on trial on the charge of grand larceny. The charge was joined with that of George Clark for the theft of six iron shutters from a warehouse on Main street, belonging to the St. Louis, Keokuk & Northwestern Railroad Co. The shutters were stolen on Dec. 19, and sold by Clark and McKeon to a junk-dealer and an amateur who was destined to serve four years in the penitentiary. McKeon made the defense that he was employed by Clark to assist simply in the preparation of the shutters for sale. The jury was told a similar view of the case and the defendant was discharged.

MICHAEL McKEON'S ELECTORAL ADDRESS.

TORONTO, Ontario, March 3.—On the night of Jan. 21, 1891, the Conservative party addressed to the electors of Canada, in which he bitterly attacked the opponents of the Government. On questions concerning trade and commerce he said:

As in 1882 and again in 1887, so in 1891 do questions relating to the trade and commerce of the country arise. The Conservative party, against the rest of the world, in the interest of the Government, has been through the rule of his life and has appeared on the Conservative platform. He was an old timer, never before seen in the House of Commons, and it is to be hoped that he will take part in politics.

Michael McKeon was placed on trial on the charge of grand larceny. The charge was joined with that of George Clark for the theft of six iron shutters from a warehouse on Main street, belonging to the St. Louis, Keokuk & Northwestern Railroad Co. The shutters were stolen on Dec. 19, and sold by Clark and McKeon to a junk-dealer and an amateur who was destined to serve four years in the penitentiary. McKeon made the defense that he was employed by Clark to assist simply in the preparation of the shutters for sale. The jury was told a similar view of the case and the defendant was discharged.

JOHN KANTZER Fired for Disturbing a Religious Meeting.

Attired in the gray trapping of his rank, Lieut. Alonzo Thomas of the Salvation Army appeared this morning in the First District Police Court and prosecuted to a successful conclusion the action against John Kantzer. The charge was one of disturbing a religious assembly.

For several weeks a band of the members of the Salvation Army have been actively engaged in helping the saloon business.

They have been disengaged from their work in the welfare of the saloon-keepers, and have been engaged in helping the saloon-keepers.

They did so with alacrity and returned to their trains.

When an explanation was asked for such quick action in the cases of the men at Scranton, the Lackawanna officials learned that their subordinates were actively engaged in helping the saloon business they expressed their authority by summarily discharging them.

It then occurred to those who had been dismissed that their interests in the welfare of the saloon-keepers had been detected.

Summarily the saloon-keepers were told to conduct a liquor business

had friends among the trainmen, and not because the latter were addicted to the use of liquor. These men when they affixed their signatures to the petitions did not seem to see that they might commit themselves to a house.

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JOSEPH BACHELIE DISCHARGED.

No Evidence That He Charged His Landlord With Arson.

In the Court of Criminal Correction this morning Judge Clifton listened to the evidence of a peculiar nature in an action for arson. On the evening of Jan. 12 fire broke out in the butcher shop at 406 Race Course avenue. The blaze was discovered by Joseph Bachelie, who was working in the shop. He ran to the door and found Arthur Ramsey, the owner of the butcher shop, inside. The door was charred and was extinguished before much damage was done. Half an hour later Bachelie found Arthur Ramsey, the owner of the butcher shop, in a saloon near by, and it was then discovered that he had been a hot one. Last night above the thunder of the drums and the clanging of the cymbals there rose a shrill, deafening whistle, and a hat came sailing over the heads of the spectators, to fall at the foot of the hall, rushed forward and claimed his property, insisting that some one had played a trick on him. Lieut. Thomas had seen Bachelie himself shy the hat and called in Officer Kirchner of the Second District, who placed the offender under arrest. To-day Judge Cady heard the evidence in the action and found Bachelie \$10 and costs for his wife.

MR. W. G. STEIGERS

Will call on merchants wishing to contract for advertising in POST-DISPATCH. Telephone 284.

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## HAVING A LIVELY TIME.

THE TWO WOMEN'S HUMANE SOCIETIES AT LOGGERHEADS.

Mrs. Gause and Mrs. Meiser Indorsed by Two Boards—Mrs. Brooks Denies Certain Statements of Mrs. Gause—Mrs. Comstock Has Something to Say.

One of the children's human societies, known as the "Band of Mercy," has taken sides with Mrs. Nona E. T. Gause and Mrs. Gora A. Meiser in the dispute which has arisen between these ladies and the ladies of the Women's Humane Society. The latter organization, as has been published, passed a resolution, signed at Mrs. Meiser and Mrs. Gause, in which the society requested the public to give no donations intended for them to anybody unless they had credentials from their organization bearing the seal of the society. The Golden Chain, another children's human society, has also taken sides, and has signed a resolution, signed at Mrs. Gause and Mrs. Meiser. This notice stated that the Golden Chain had no canvassers soliciting for them, and the public were warned to make no donations for the society to any parties calling on them.

MRS. GAUSE AND MRS. MEISER.

Two of the branches of the "Band of Mercy," which Mrs. Gause and Mrs. Meiser organized, held meetings Sunday and passed resolutions indorsing these two ladies. One band passed the following:

Resolved, That the Benton Band of Mercy, at their regular meeting at the Working Girls' School, and the Jefferson Band, at their regular meeting held at Bethany Mission Church, do indorse the resolution of Mrs. Gause and Mrs. Holt is President and Miss Ada Bell Davis Secretary of the Working Girls' Band, and the resolution was signed by them.

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MRS. COMSTOCK TALKS.

Mrs. T. J. Comstock, President of the Women's Humane Society, in explaining the resolution passed by that organization, said: "Our society passed the resolution for the information of the public. I do not know of any instance in which Mrs. Gause or Mrs. Meiser represented that they were soliciting for our society, but I think a great many of them have done so. They did so under the impression that the money was for local humane work. We merely wished to correct this impression so that money intended for local work could reach one of the local societies. The Missouri Humane Society has been in existence years, and the Women's Humane Society has been organized three years. The two fill the field pretty thoroughly. I think, and there are also local Children's Human Societies managed by local ladies. This is only a reflection on our ladies to come in from the north and the south and organize other societies. As to the claims of Mrs. Gause and Mrs. Meiser that they assisted us in perfecting our organization, I will simply state that we organized our society on Jan. 7, 1888, and their first, last and only work for our organization was in getting up a mass meeting held by the following May. No benefit that ever I discovered grew out of that mass meeting. It was a failure and the only failure in the history of the society. When these ladies came here they gave us the impression that they were the ones who organized the National Humane Association. I don't remember their making the devout claim that they were, but their talk left that impression on us and we made no attempt to question them. They told us of how they had been organizing mass meetings all over the country and the time of the meeting, and from these, so we had one believing it to be the proper thing to do. They told us their price for getting up a mass meeting was \$50, but as our organization was new they agreed to get up ours for \$30. We were to also pay their board bill which we did. Here is a letter from the head of the society which is the National Organization, the President being in Chicago and the Secretary having his office in Cincinnati."

HAVE NO CANVASSERS.

Mrs. Comstock handed the reporter a letter, of which the following is a copy:

AMERICAN HUMANE ASSOCIATION,

CINCINNATI, OHIO, FEB. 23, 1891.

Mrs. T. J. Comstock, President Women's Humane Society, St. Louis.

DEAR MADAM.—In reply to your letter of the 20th inst. inquiring after traveling agents, we American Humane Association has no agents to collect money or to make collections for its treasuries.

The American Humane Association does not employ agents to organize societies anywhere, and has no paid agents for any object, but has its own agents. The American Humane Association does not countenance canvassers going into any community to solicit subscriptions or advertisements for outside periodicals, or to organize branch societies, for any purpose, and comes with the intention of existing local societies.

"If a State or county organization employs an agent to organize human societies or to collect subscriptions they should give them written instructions to the effect that the agent is not to interfere with the authority to work in that State or in any district.

I have the honor to remain, yours very respectfully,

ERASSTUS BURNHAM, Secretary.

"While they claim that they do not collect for the National organization, we can collect for the American Humane Association, and we do not collect for any other organization.

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## WILL INJURE MISSOURI TRADE.

Great Opposition to the Bill in Reference to Railroad Rates.

The St. Louis merchants of all classes are very considerably exercised over the substance for Senate bill No. 97, in which it is provided that railroads shall not change their freight rates without giving ninety days' notice. This bill has a strong following in the Legislature and came very near being passed yesterday, but owing to efforts of the St. Louis Senators, its action was postponed. This postponement, however, is not regarded as final, as a telegram was received by a member of the Board of Directors of the Merchants' Exchange this morning stating that the matter would probably be brought up again in the Senate in a short time, and naming Senator Major as the man likely to do so. Had it not been for the telegram sent yesterday afternoon by President Marcus Bernheimer of the Merchants' Exchange, it is believed that the bill would have become law, or at least would have been sent to the Governor for his signature. The detrimental influence which such a law could have is fully appreciated only by those who have given the matter some degree of study. The argument urged in favor of its passage is that railroads are not to be blamed for the increase in rates, but that the public are to be blamed for the purpose of protecting the farmers against this that the bill was formulated. The Golden Chain, another children's human society, has also taken sides, and has signed a resolution, signed at Mrs. Gause and Mrs. Meiser, in which the society requested the public to give no donations intended for them to anybody unless they had credentials from their organization bearing the seal of the society. The Golden Chain, another children's human society, has also taken sides, and has signed a resolution, signed at Mrs. Gause and Mrs. Meiser. This notice stated that the Golden Chain had no canvassers soliciting for them, and the public were warned to make no donations for the society to any parties calling on them.

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## SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

Clerks and Salesmen.  
WANTED—A position as grocery clerk by a married man. Add. T 86, this office. 37  
WANTED—A position as a youth in drug store; has had 6 months' experience. Add. T 86, this office. 37  
WANTED—A young man of experience wishes to travel for a first-class wholesale house; best references. Address A 86, this office. 37  
The Trades.  
WANTED—An experienced cutter, engaged elsewhere, desiring to locate in St. Louis, wishes position in a first-class merchant tailor. Address F 84, this office. 38

## Coachmen.

WANTED—Situation by a first-class coachman who would like to have a profitable business; best of ref. Address B 86, this office. 38

## HELP WANTED—MALE.

## Book-Keepers.

BUSINESS, SHORTHAND, AND TELEGRAPH SCHOOL, OPEN DAY AND NIGHT. This is one of the largest, best equipped and most successful schools in the city. The course of instruction is very thorough and practical. All graduates are successful in obtaining employment. For circular, address Mrs. F. C. B. Franklin, Franklin, corner Broadway and Market st., St. Louis. 53

## Clerks and Salesmen.

WANTED—No. 1 dress salesman; must know his business. Address B 86, this office. 54

WANTED—Live, energetic young man as solicitor, collector, and bookkeeper for a feed store. One who can command trade preferred. Address K 86, this office. 54

## HAYWARD'S

Business and Shorthand College, 618 and 620 Olive st. Day and night; all branches taught. 58

BARNES', Short-hand School, Lacled Building, 406 Olive st. Short-hand taught by a court reporter of 20 years' experience; by mail or personally. 58

## The Trades.

WANTED—A barber. 4301 N. Broadway. 58

WANTED—Two good butchers. Address M 86, this office. 58

WANTED—Good paper-hanger. Address M 86, this office. 58

WANTED—Car painters. 2300 Chouteau av., Lin- del Hardware shop. 58

WANTED—Wood pattern maker; must be accurate and skillful. Address 75, Ermel's Building, 504 Olive st., bet. 12 and 2 o'clock; John Kelly, dry Co., 2123 8th, King's highway opposite King's Highway Station, St. Louis & Oak Hill Ry. 58

## Laborers.

WANTED—Colored laborers. Apply at 2301 Kosciusko st. 59

WANTED—Shoemakers; 4 months' work on rock house. Apply at once, room 75, Ermel's Building, 504 Olive st., bet. 12 and 2 o'clock; John Kelly, Manufacturing Co., northwestern corner Biddle and Collins sts. 59

## Waiters.

WANTED—A waiter, and a good one, to make himself useful in a tea-room and restaurant. 60

## Coachmen.

WANTED—Good coachman; must be well recommended. Apply at 715 Washington av. 60

## Boys.

WANTED—Boy to run errands. G. H. Boehm, 621 Olive st. 61

WANTED—A colored boy in barber shop, 723 Van- derover st. 61

WANTED—A good strong boy. Apply this evening, 27th and Locust st. 61

WANTED—Boy having experience in Spanish. W. M. Buck & Co., 209 N. 34 st. 61

WANTED—Good boy to have a job; must have practice and be steady. 631 S. 4th st. 61

WANTED—Boy to take care of horse and buggy and do odd work. Must be steady. 61

WANTED—Boy to have a job; must be steady. Call at my office, 720 Chestnut st. 61

## Miscellaneous.

WANTED—An experienced houseman at Hotel Beers, Grand av. and Olive st. 62

WANTED—At 2900 Lafayette av., an honest, intelligent young woman who knows how to cook. 62

WANTED—Grocery delivery, small men; farmer's wife preferred. Jim Boutilier Grocery Co., 62 N. 6th st. 62

DETECTIVES wanted in every locality to work under instruct.; exp. not nec.; stamp for partic. Washington Detect. Agency, box 787 Washington, D. C. 62

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

## Clerks and Saleswomen.

WANTED—By two young ladies of education, em- gaged. Add. J. 86, this office. 44

## Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

WANTED—Would like situation as seamstress, 75c per day. Add. J. 86, this office. 45

WANTED—Dressmaker would like to go out new- by the day or week. Add. D 86, this office. 45

WANTED—A dressmaker who can cut, fit, and make up two or three engagements; terms \$1.50 per day; first-class work. Add. D 86, this office. 45

WANTED—A first class dressmaker; cuts, fits and drapes; stranger in the city; desires engage- ments with family or dressmaker; \$1.25 per day can give ref. Add. C 86, this office. 45

## Housekeepers.

WANTED—A German woman wants to take in washing. 1522 Wash. st. 51

## Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Situation by German girl to do general housework. Call for two days at 2417 Elliott av.; pull the lower bell. 45

## General Housework.

WANTED—Situation by German girl to do general housework. Call for two days at 2417 Elliott av.; pull the lower bell. 45

## STOVE REPAIRS!

For every stove or range made in the United States to be had at A. G. Brainerd's, 219 Locust st. 45

## Cooks, Etc.

WANTED—First-class cook wishes a situation in a family private. Add. T 85, this office. 49

WANTED—Dressmaker would like to go out new- by the day or week. Add. D 86, this office. 49

WANTED—A dressmaker who can cut, fit, and make up two or three engagements; terms \$1.50 per day; first-class work. Add. D 86, this office. 49

WANTED—A first class dressmaker; cuts, fits and drapes; stranger in the city; desires engage- ments with family or dressmaker; \$1.25 per day can give ref. Add. C 86, this office. 49

## Nurses.

WANTED—A healthy wetnurse. Add. F 86, this office. 50

WANTED—Girl to nurse and assist in housework. 1005 N. Grand. 50

WANTED—An Anchor House, 2006 DeKalb st. 1 and 2nd floor, room 1005, to let. 50

WANTED—Girl to cook, wash and iron at 3205 Delmar av.; best of references required. 50

WANTED—An honest, intelligent young woman who knows how to cook. 2100 Lafayette av. 50

WANTED—A good girl to cook and assist with general housework. Call at 1005 N. Grand. 50

WANTED—A young married lady with no income; wants to work in a small family. Call at 1005 Sarah st., one block west of Vandeventer av.; 15-20 days. 50

## Housekeepers.

WANTED—A working housekeeper, middle-aged. 50

WANTED—A working housekeeper for a family of four. For information call at 1201 Poplar st., after 9 a. m. 50

## HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

## General Housework.

WANTED—Girl as assistant housegirl. 1829 Ken- nett pl. 50

WANTED—Girl for general housework at 2842 Wash. st. 50

WANTED—Girl for general housework. 1505 Papin st. 50

WANTED—Good girl for general housework. 2624 Dickson st. 50

WANTED—Girl for general housework. 2630 106 N. 14th st. 50

WANTED—House girl; also a kitchen girl. Apply at 2171 Olive st. 50

WANTED—House girl for general housework. 2630 106 N. 14th st. 50

WANTED—House girl for general housework in small family. 1709 Goodwill. 50

WANTED—A girl for general housework in family of three. 2130 Chestnut st. 50

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WANTED—



DRINK VAN HOUTEN'S COCOA  
AT THE  
DELICATESSEN.  
COMMERCIAL HOTEL  
AND RESTAURANT,  
415 Chestnut St.

## CITY NEWS.

Dr. E. C. Chase,  
Corner of 6th and Olive streets. Set of teeth, \$12.  
PRIVATE matters skillfully treated and medicines furnished. Dr. Dinsmore, 814 Pine st.

## DR. FELL'S SUCCESS.

He Snatches Another Victim of Poisoning  
From the Grave.

BUFFALO, N. Y., March 3.—Dr. George E. Fell has snatched another victim of poisoning from the grave by means of his apparatus for forcing respiration. Clara Bowen, a handsome woman of 30, and a student of medicine, residing with the family of Dr. F. A. Harrington, took fifteen grains of morphine Sunday morning, while in a fit of melancholy. Dr. Fell was called in after thirteen hours of hard work restored her to consciousness and she is now believed to be out of danger. Dr. Harrington performed tracheotomy by inflating the lungs up to artificial respiration. At that time there was scarcely a visible sign of life, but the work of inflating the lungs artificially was kept up without intermission for thirteen hours. Hypodermic injections were also used to stimulate the heart's action, and when Dr. Harrington had finished, Mrs. Bowen had been employed as a nurse, and has been studying medicine for two years. Recently she has received a number of insulting letters from a woman who is said to be jealous of her, for some reason, and on Saturday night the letter was torn from the woman, containing an inclosure of a grossly indecent character. The letter depressed Miss Bowen very much. She has said since her restoration that she was tempted to attempt suicide because she felt lonesome and said she thought she had no friends. This is the twenty-fourth time that Dr. Fell has restored a would-be suicide to life by the use of his apparatus.

## ST. LOUIS TO THE NORTH AND WEST.

The Burlington Route to the Black Hills.  
The Burlington Route to Denver.  
The Burlington Route to the Pacific Coast.  
The Burlington Route to St. Louis.  
The Burlington Route to Omaha.  
The Burlington Route to Lincoln.  
The Burlington Route to St. Paul.  
The Burlington Route to Minneapolis.  
The Burlington Route to Portland and Tacoma.  
Ticket office 112 North Fourth street and Union Depot.

## THE EARTH-BORN PASSION.

Rev. Dr. J. B. Hawthorne of Atlanta De-  
nounces Jay Gould.

ATLANTA, Ga., March 3.—Rev. Dr. J. B. Hawthorne of this city, in his sermon Sunday night, emphatically indorsed the recent action of Gov. Northern in refusing to greet Jay Gould, and in doing so, cooled the burning passion for money-making until it completely mastered him and rendered him insensible to the influence of moral truth. Although many men began their careers with the determination that when they had gained a competency their attention should be turned to the accumulation of wealth, few were able to abandon the fascinating struggle. Jay Gould was said to be worth \$100,000,000, but had not the moral power to attempt a better life than that of mere money-maker. The earth-born passion raged with him like a furnace, and he had no more control over it than he could a cyclone, a volcano, or an earthquake. He has less conscience now about making a money panic, wrecking great industries, multiplying the hardships and privations of the poor, and rubbing Congressmen in the mud. When he was very young and had sold himself into everlasting bondage for money. The plain old Christian Commonwealth of Georgia, through its Chief Executive, had refused to bow down and pay reverence to this guilty slave, and from the time of his birth he has been a curse to men and a men. Gov. Northern yesterday received a letter from L. M. Polk, the President of the National Alliance, also strongly indorsing his refusal to greet Gould and his letter to the Gould reception.

The Budweiser Restaurant,  
Sixth, near Locust, is now under the management of Mr. Pierre Lambert, who serves the best the market affords and does it promptly.

## A DIFFERENCE IN POLICE REPORTS.

Two Officers Give Contrary Accounts of the Same Occurrence.

St. Louis has a representative police department, and the patrolmen on the force are, as a rule, good, faithful guardians. Occasionally, however, they relax and certain patrols are left to patrol themselves for a time. One of these semi-occasional relaxations took place yesterday. A citizen named McBride fell on the sidewalk somewhere in the West End some time yesterday afternoon and was injured.

A report made by Officer Giblance of the police force at 1:30 p. m. yesterday evening A. J. McBride, 27 years old, a painter by occupation, residing at 2702 Randolph street, under the influence of liquor fell in front of 3612 Chouteau avenue and cut a slight gash over his left eye. He was taken to his home. The sidewalk in front of 3612 Chouteau avenue is in a slippery condition. The cause of the accident was McBride's intoxication, he being unable to navigate properly."

Then Officer Kenny of the Central District, who is very familiar with the surface with a report as follows: "I herewith report that about 1 o'clock p. m. yesterday A. J. McBride, 30 years old, a painter by occupation, residing at 2702 Randolph street, slipped and fell on the sidewalk at Jefferson and Scott avenues and received a slight cut over the left eye, which he had dressed by Dr. Wait of 241 South Jefferson avenue, and went home. The sidewalk was in a slippery condition." Chief Harrigan will probably take official cognizance of these discrepancies.

Shoes for Everybody at the Globe  
From a child's good shoe at 25c to the finest ladies' French kid hand-turned shoe at \$5, from a boy's good shoe at \$1 to the finest sewed French calf or kangaroo for men at \$6. Save 25 per cent on all shoes and buy at the GLOBE, 703 to 715 Franklin avenue.

## The International League.

BUFFALO, N. Y., March 3.—This afternoon at the Iroquois Hotel the International League of Base Ball Clubs will perfect an organization with its originators before the meeting of the presidents of the North and South. The league will be represented: Buffalo, Toronto, Rochester, Syracuse, Troy, Albany, New Haven, Newark and Worcester. This is one for men, and the president of the North city will be elected by the admission of Newark or Worcester. Besides completing the make up of the league, the meeting will adopt a constitution, and committees will be appointed, among them the schedule committee. The yearly dues will be paid and the time named when the guarantee fund is to be handed in. Formal contracts will also be drawn up. The meeting will probably extend over to-morrow.

Good Cooking  
Is one of the chief blemishes of every home. To improve andwards puddings, soups, etc., etc., use Gail Borden's "Eagles" Brand Condensed Milk. Directions on the label. Sold by your grocer.

## SPORTS OF ALL SORTS.

## HOW THE MONMOUTH PARK EVENTS HAVE FILLED.

Disposition of the Hearst Horses—Latest Developments in the Base Ball War—What the Pugilists Are Doing—General Sporting News.

NEW YORK, March 3.—A reporter called at the office of the Monmouth Park Association last night and learned that all the horses belonging to Senator George Hearst, who died in Washington last week, had been entered in the stakes of the club and were under the care of the club. The horses were sold yesterday at a price made by H. A. Jerome, the regular agent of the stable. They include Tournement, Brown Warpath, King Thomas, Miss Belle, Ballestar, Yosemita, Valetta, J. B. and several 2-year-olds. While the mere fact that these horses have been made is no positive assurance that the horses will remain the property of the firm of Hearst & Co., it is understood among the Senator's friends that the string will not be broken up. A short time before his death Mr. Hearst had a well-known racing man in this city that he would let him have the horses on the track if he decided by "Joe" Clark, his manager. If Mr. Clark wanted to keep the stable he could do so; if he wanted to give up the sport the Senator would willingly sell out. As Mr. Clark is in California his intentions could not be learned last night by the reporter.

The total amount of entries received at the Monmouth Park office yesterday and last night was about 2,000.

Distant points remain to be heard from. J. A. and H. Morris make the largest entry. Among the other well-known stable owners Evers, P. J. Dwyer & Son, M. F. Dwyer, David Gideon, Marcus Daly, Foxhall Keefee, Pierre Lorillard, S. S. Brown, F. C. McNamee, without the company, T. P. Ulster, J. F. McDonald, John Hunter, George Smith (known as "Pittsburg Phil"), Charles Reed & Sons, "Mr. Manning" (who is John A. Logan), W. L. Scott (who race his horses in the name of the Northern Stable), Nathan Strauss and W. L. Lakeland.

## DISPOSITION OF HEARST'S HORSES.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., March 3.—It is stated here that in accordance with the arrangements made before Senator Hearst's death the horses of the Hearst stables will be shipped East and the colts in the end of the season will be sold.

## GUTTERBORG RACES.

NEW YORK, March 3.—The races at Gutterborg yesterday resulted as follows:

First race, 100, H. Penny, second, Hall Anderson, third, Fred L. B. 102, H. Anderson, second, Extra 102, H. Penny, third, Time, 1:04.

Second race, six and one-half furlongs—Fernwood 100, H. Anderson, first; Marie Lovell 109, J. Hart, 104, second; Gleamond 110, Lamley, third, Time, 1:23.

Third race, five furlongs—Sunday 117, Davis, first; New York, second, Lemon Blossom 100, H. Penny, third, Time, 1:03.

Fourth race, five furlongs—Kempie 104, Penny, second; Catherine B. 116, Curtis, second; Remembrance 120, third, Time, 1:04.

Fifth race, six furlongs—Piarast 92, F. D. Dene, first; Patil 94, H. Anderson, second; Little Bee 104, H. Penny, third, Time, 1:17.

Sixth race, seven furlongs—Sandstone 109, Jones, first; Craft 99, Dene, second; Latins 105, Flynn, third, Time, 1:20.

## GLOUCESTER MEETING.

GLOUCESTER, N. J., March 3.—At the track here yesterday the races resulted as below:

First race, seven furlongs—Darling first; King McIntyre, second; Finch, third, Time, 1:07.

Second race, five furlongs—Fleetfoot, first; Miss McIntyre, second; Finch, third, Time, 1:07.

Third race, eight and one-half furlongs—Silence, first; Little Bee, second; Eddy, third, Time, 1:28.

Fourth race, four and a half furlongs—Silence, first; Little Bee, second; Eddy, third, Time, 1:28.

Fifth race, six furlongs—Dixie, first; Captain and Bagnall; Aftermath, third, Time, 1:18.

Sixth race, six and one-half furlongs—Margold, first; Reade O'R, second; Macgregor, third, Time, 1:23.

## THE COLT GREGORY PARALYZED.

NEW YORK, March 3.—The famous colt Gregory, owned by a rich man, was paralysed, the property of C. Sattler, a painter, in his hindquarters and had sold himself into everlasting bondage for money. The plain old Christian Commonwealth of Georgia, through its Chief Executive, had refused to bow down and pay reverence to this guilty slave, and from the time of his birth he has been a curse to men and a men. Gov. Northern yesterday received a letter from L. M. Polk, the President of the National Alliance, also strongly indorsing his refusal to greet Gould and his letter to the Gould reception.

## HORSE TALK.

Clem Creveling has been engaged to start at the big race meeting to be given at Louisville, Mo. There will be five trotting races, a pacing race and a running race a day for six days.

Mr. R. J. Lucas has a new colt. He is by Astoria out of Keene, and was foaled Sunday. Keene is a half-brother of Kingston, Kapanga being the dam of both.

## KILRAIN AND TRAINER MULDOON.

Kilrain and Godfrey are hard at work getting in fix for their contest, the former near the Cliff House just back of the Seal Rocks at the entrance of the Golden Gate and Godfrey in the bay, both having been beaten last night when Reference Dixon decided the battle in Godfrey's favor. Opinion seems equally divided as to the merits of the decision.

## THE RING.

BAIRDWOOD, Ill., March 3.—Con Doyle of Chicago and Scotty Mclelland of Streator took the boxing honors here last night when Reference Dixon decided the battle in Doyle's favor. Opinion seems equally divided as to the merits of the decision.

## KILRAIN AND TRAINER MULDOON.

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## A FIGHT WITH IRON BELLS.

John M. Walker, the proprietor of the Royal Hotel of Dunedin, New Zealand, is evidently the prince of liars. Here is a letter he writes concerning an account of an alleged fight between Billy Nash, a bookmaker, and Jack Hatton with four-pound dumbbells:

Yours, etc., J. W. WALKER.

## FESTIVAL POINTERS.

Jack McNamee, the champion light-weight of America, has been matched to stand up four rounds before Bob Fitzsimmons, the conqueror of Dempsey. If Fitz fails to knock out Jack in that number of rounds, the weight is to be 170½ per cent of all he knows. That is the New Zealand 20 per cent and vice versa.

## SHINOLE AND GRIFFIN.

President Wagner of the Athletics was not a little vexed over Shindle's flop to the League. Said he: "Now, I have something to say about this matter, and neither Shindle nor Griffin can stand up to it." The president, however, has decided to let the out of which I am President without my consent. I have three-year contracts with both players and will enforce them. Both players signed three-year contracts with my club last spring, and these contracts are to stand up to Judge Thayer and the other clubs. Shindle can stand up to it. In addition to these club contracts I have personal contracts with them. Last fall I had drawn up by our lawyers three personal contracts with Griffin, Shindle and Mulvey for a term of three years, and these contracts bear the signatures of the three players mentioned and the legal documents. That is, a document here is matched to fight Larry Farrell of Chicago before the Colorado Athletic Club of Denver, on the 16th inst. The fight is advertised to be for a stake of \$250 a side and a purse of \$750.

Good Cooking  
Is one of the chief blemishes of every home. To improve andwards puddings, soups, etc., etc., use Gail Borden's "Eagles" Brand Condensed Milk. Directions on the label. Sold by your grocer.

latest report I have had from him is that Boston offered him a salary of \$5,000."

## THE PHILLIES MUST PLAY.

J. Earl Wagner, up to the service of his counsel, took notice of President Reach of the League club that he would hold the Phillies to their contract with the Athletics to play a series of twelve games this spring, says a Philadelphia telegram to the New York WORLD. Mr. Wagner said that he would present his team at the Philadelphia Park on the dates agreed upon, beginning Good Friday. President Reach declared that he could not play the games without breaking the National agreement, but Wagner said that he could not do so, and that he would enforce the contract if he could.

## KIRK AND THE NEW YORK CLUB.

There is a gulf fixed between the New York Base Ball Club and its star pitcher, Timothy J. Keefe, and all on account of the salary question, says the New York HERALD. Mr. Keefe, who is the star pitcher of the club, demands \$5,000 a year, and the New York club players, and incidentally outlined a cut of \$1,500 in Keefe's case—from \$4,500, his 1890 salary, to \$3,000, his prospective salary for 1891.

Yesterday Keefe told me he was approached by one of the officers of the club, who said he had in his pocket two offers from the New York club, one for \$4,500 and the other for \$4,000, or perhaps a bit over, he signed for \$4,000, or perhaps a bit over, he could have his.

Of course this was a sudden and unexpected blow to the great pitcher, but he was forced to accept the offer of the club, which he had in his pocket, two offers from the New York club, one for \$4,500 and the other for \$4,000, or perhaps a bit over, he signed for \$4,000, or perhaps a bit over, he could have his.

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